Build a high-quality 1:18 scale model

2-71

Big Beautiku

Collect the parts in each package and build World War II's most iconic fighter SERIES GUIDE

Start building your 1:18 scale P-51D Mustang today



WITH COUNTRIE LA



A model of stunning quality

High-quality die-cast alloy parts and an unrivalled attention to detail make this superb model a fitting tribute to World War II's most iconic fighter. The series includes a dynamic stand which brings your Mustang to life with interactive motion, light and sound. Each issue you'll receive your new set of parts together with detailed step-by-step assembly instructions in the accompanying brochure, guiding you through each new build. The brochure also provides detailed insights into the Mustang at War, P-51 Technology and the aircraft's Allies & Adversaries.

'Big Beautiful Doll' was the P-51D Mustang flown by Lieutenant Colonel John Landers, one of the very few fighter pilots in World War II to achieve the ace status in both the Pacific and the European Theaters. It was also one of the most colorful planes of World War II and is brought to life here in this unique new series.

Use the remote control to bring your Mustang to life – from take-off to gunfire!

Control your interactive 1:18 scale model

Your P-51 Mustang is designed to sit on the supplied display stand, enabling you to control key functions through remote control: from propellers and guns to flaps and undercarriage.



The Mustang had six .50 caliber Browning machine guns holding 1,880 rounds, and your model recreates this formidable firepower.



Remote control Use the remote to control the Mustang's complete set of functions.



Merlin engine The Packard V-1650-7 Merlin engine of the P-51D is faithfully recreated in this unique model. **Under carriage**



Attention to detail is the hallmark of this 1:18 high-quality model, seen here in the undercarriage up-locks and inner door retraction mechanisms.

Moving ailerons, flaps and elevators



Realistic moving parts make this model a worthy tribute to the iconic P-51D.



Stand dimensions: 27.5" x 23.6"





24.7" wingspan

Backlight panel

Watch as the pilot's instument panel lights up when you use the remote control.

Mirror reflection

The stand has been designed to maximize impact by reflecting the Mustang's undercarriage.

Discover all about the P-51 in this colorful accompanying brochure



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Follow the clear, stepby-step instructions to assemble the parts that come with each package and watch vour P-51D Mustang build into an incredible high-quality large-scale model.

P-51 Technology

Dive deep inside the technology of this iconic fighter, from its laminarflow wing design and formidable armament to the all-round canopy, **Rolls Royce Merlin engine and** exceptional range. All the Mustang's variants in addition to the P-51D will be covered in this section, giving you a comprehensive reference on this famous aircraft.

Assembly Guide



Allies and Adversaries

This section follows the Mustang's contemporaries on both the Allied and **Axis sides during World**

War II and beyond, detailing their kev characteristics, performance and reputation. **From fighters** and bombers to reconnaissance and early jet aircraft.







Your brochure is divided into four different sections

Mustang at War

The iconic Mustang was invaluable to the Allied victory, with an astonishing 19:1 kill ratio. This section takes a detailed

> look at the history of the P-51, from development and early deployment to its illustrious service in both the European and Pacific Theaters.



A truly unique series!

Completion Gift

When you complete your P-51D Mustang model you'll receive this personalized metal plaque engraved with both your name, and a unique model number which you will find on the underside of the cowling.

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Build a high-quality 1:18 scale model





Step-by-step instructions

Interactive stand brings your Mustang to life!

2-51





Mustang at War

Unique magazine content:



Big Beautiful

Allies and Adversaries



Mustang P-51D Technology

Build a high-quality 1:18 scale model

PART O1 CONTENTS

Build the P-51D



Start building your 1:18 scale model of this iconic World War II fighter today, with step-by-step instructions guiding you through the assembly.

Mustang at War

'Big Beautiful Doll', was flown in both the European and Pacific theaters by Lieutenant Colonel John Landers of the 78th Fighter Group.

Mustang Technology

Dive deep inside the P-51D Mustang with the help of this amazing 3D cutaway, revealing the aircraft's construction in incredible detail.

Allies and Adversaries

The Luftwaffe's Bf 109 Messerschmitt was the Mustang's main rival in its role of long-distance bomber escort deep into enemy territory.







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Warning! This is NOT A TOY but a Collectible Product Do not leave this package and/or the parts enclosed with any child under 12

years of age. Assemble the parts of this model kit following the instructions in the

brochure COLLECT4GOOD, INC, cannot be responsible for any misusages.

START BUILDING YOUR P-51D MUSTANG TODAY WITH THE PARTS IN THIS ISSUE

The parts for your P-51D Mustang will build issue by issue into an incredible 1:18 scale high-guality collector's model. This issue you will be assembling the nose and propellers.

Issue 1 Parts



1 Step Setting the gearbox

First find a place in your home which won't be disturbed to work on your model. Either a small dedicated space, or perhaps a tray on which you can keep your parts and move round without losing anything. To begin, place Part **01G** (the crown) inside the rear part of the gearbox **01B**. Then place both inside the hub base 01D



AP

01C

011

MUSTANG BUILD-UP

Part Description PART NO. ITEMS DESCRIPTION Propeller blocks 01E 4 Propellers 01F 4 01G Crown 1 01A Gearbox, front 1 01B Gearbox, rear 1 01D Hub base 1 01H Dom shell 1 AM 5 Screws

2 Screws

- Spinner
- Screwdriver

MUSTANG BUILD-UP

Step 2 Placing the crown

Take the assembled part from Step 1 and carefully arrange the four propeller blocks **01E** around it as shown with the angles below. You are now ready to move onto the Mustang's four propellers.



Step 3 First propeller



Take one of the four propeller blades **01F** and insert its tip inside the block to ensure the correct angle. The pinion will fit comfortably onto the crown if the angle is as shown in this diagram.

Step 4 Joining the second propeller to the gearbox

Once you have used the correct angle provided by the block to secure the first propeller, move onto the second propeller and fit using the different angle provided by this second block. It is important to make sure that the pinion's 'teeth' match with those of the crown.



Step 5 Third and fourth propellers



Step 6

Step 7

Gearbox closing

Now that the propellers are in position and the gears on the pinions and crown gear are matching, you can secure the propeller gear box by attaching the rear part of the gearbox **01A** using one of two **AP** screws and the screwdriver **011** provided.



Step 9 Tightening the spinner and complete!

Turn the completed unit upside down carefully and keep the spinner tight by inserting four of the **01H** screws provided into the holes. When tightened turn the unit around and put to one side ready for the next part of the Mustang build.





Fixing the Dom shell



Place the dom shell **01H** carefully onto the three pins of the completed hub and fix it using glue.

Step 8 Inserting the Spinner

Carefully line up the four hollows of the spinner **01H** onto each of the four propellers and lower the spinner onto the dom.





An ace in both Pacific and European combat theaters, John Landers was nicknamed 'Whispering John'. In early 1945 he took command of the 78th Fighter Group at Duxford and was assigned a P-51D he named Big Beautiful Doll.

Tohn Dave Landers was born in Wilson, Oklahoma on 23 August 1920 but grew up in Joshua, Texas. He graduated teachers' training college and worked for a gas company, but the armed forces offered more excitement and Landers joined the Army as an aviation cadet in April 1941 and graduated as a fighter pilot just a few days after the Pearl Harbor attack. His first assignment was to the 49th FG in New Guinea flying Curtiss P-40 Warhawks and on his second combat mission he downed a Japanese bomber, although his own aircraft was badly shot up by A6M Zeros. He scored his fifth victory to become an ace on Boxing Day 1942, but after his next kill he was shot down and bailed out on the far side of the Owen Stanley mountain range that separated Allied and Japanese forces. He was helped by friendly natives and returned to his unit after seven days. Lander's assigned aircraft was named Texas Longhorn, and he transferred the name when the 49th began the transition to Lockheed P-38 Lightnings in January 1943.

By the time he left the Pacific, where he flew 90 combat missions, Landers

had risen to the rank of Major and been awarded the Silver Star. He spent time training P-38 pilots at Santa Ana in California, but soon became bored



Above: Ground crew help Lieutentant Colonel John Landers into his Mustang P-51D at Duxford in early 1945.

and requested a combat assignment. In April 1944 this took him to Europe and the 55th FG flying P-38J Lightnings from Wormingford, Essex. Landers again named his assigned aircraft Texas Longhorn. The group converted to P-51 Mustangs in July 1944, at which time Landers became commander of the 38FS and shot down

Bia Beautikul Da

three Messerschmitt Me 410 twinengined fighters on one mission

Big Beautiful Doll

In October 1944, he left the 55th FG to temporarily command the 357th FG at Leiston while its commander was on leave. While flying with this outfit he led a flight that caught a squadron of Bf 109s in the landing pattern of Burg airfield. He destroyed two in the air and shot up others on the ground. The 357th pilots were credited with four

P51 'Big Beautiful Doll'

Built at North American's Inglewood, California factory, Mustang serial number 44-72218, was one of 4,000 P-51Ds ordered under contract NA-122 in June 1944. The first three production blocks, comprising 1,000, 100 and 500 aircraft, were designated P-51D-20-NA. Delivered to England in early 1945, 44-72218 was assigned to the 84th FS/78FG, coded WZ-I and became the personal aircraft of the Group's CO, Col Landers. He gave it the name Big Beautiful Doll, which he had already used on 55th and 357th FG Mustangs. Landers scored at least two victories in the last Big Beautiful Doll, which wore a scoreboard that eventually tallied 36.5 air and ground victories.

When John Landers left Duxford to take up the post of CO of the 361st FG, at Little Walden, he took his Mustang with him. The black and white chequered nose was overpainted with the 361st's yellow, and the fuselage codes were changed from WZ-I to E2-I. The name and victory tally were retained. P-51D-20-NA, 44-72218, one of the most famous of all Mustangs, was scrapped in England in September 1945.



Colonel.

aerial kills and 13 wrecked by strafing. Around this time he said: "No, I don't carry any kind of luck charm. I don't know where my luck in finding enemy planes comes from. Some of the other group commanders claim that if they dropped me into a barrel of lard, I'd bump into a Nazi plane." Landers took another spell of leave before volunteering for a third combat tour

On 22 February 1945, he became the CO of the 78th FG at Duxford. Cambridgeshire and acquired his most

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JOHN LANDERS

Above: Lt Landers receives a medal from Brigadier General Paul B. Wurtsmith at Port Moresby, New Guinea. After becoming a Pacific ace, Landers flew two more tours of duty in Europe, rising to



Above: The ground crew who kept Big Beautiful Doll flying: Assistant Crew Chief Woodrow Ferris, Armourer D.D. Riffe and Crew Chief Clvde Beraman.

famous mount, a new P-51D he named Big Beautiful Doll, although he flew P-51D Anne Nihilator on a few missions with the 78th. This P-51D had been assigned to the previous CO, Lt Col Olin Gilbert, who became Landers' deputy.

At this time the Luftwaffe was increasingly hard to find in the air, and many strafing missions were flown against German airfields. These took a heavy toll on the 78th FG, but also on the enemy, and Landers was credited with 20 aircraft destroyed on the ground.

Landers was the top ace to serve with the 78th, although only claimed 4.5 of his 14.5 aerial kills with the group. The 'half' kill was an Me 262 jet shared with Lt Thomas Thain of the 84th FS on 30 March, 1945.

Silver Stars

Promoted at war's end. at 24. he was the second-youngest full colonel in the USAAF and over his three tours was awarded two Silver Stars, three Distinguished Flying Crosses, the British DFC, the Purple Heart, 21 Air Medals and the French Croix de Guerre. On 28 June 1945, he left to become the CO of the 361st FG, at Little Walden, Essex. and returned to the US in October. Working in the construction business after the war. John Landers died in Texas in September 1989.



MESSERSCHMITT BF 109

A beautifully restored Bf 109G-10 in the collection of the National Museum of the United States Air Force at Dayton, Ohio.

The Mustang's primary fighter adversary in Europe was the Messerschmitt's Bf 109. Most Luftwaffe aces flew the type and it remained a worthy opponent until the last days of the war.

ermany's main fighter of World War II, the Messerschmitt Bf 109, was the most-produced fighter aircraft in history, with nearly 34,000 built up to 1945.

The predecessor to the 109 was the Bf 108 Taifun. A fighter using many of the 108's components was built as a private venture because designer Willi Messerschmitt had fallen out with the Nazi Air Ministry after one of his M.20 airliners crashed with officers aboard.

The official designation of the new fighter was Bf 109, for Bayerische

Flugzeugwerke (Bavarian Aircraft Factory) although the Allies usually referred to it as the Me 109 and this usage appears in many contemporary German documents. Later Messerschmitt aircraft such as the Me 262 jet and Me 163 rocket fighter were designated for their designer

Battle of Britain

The first aircraft flew in late May 1935 fitted with a Rolls-Royce Kestrel engine, as the intended Junkers Jumo 210A was not ready. The Bf 109 prototypes broke records and caused a sensation at pre-

SPECIFICATIONS

ARMAMENT: One 30mm MK 108 cannon and two 13mm MG 131 machine guns **ENGINE:** One Daimler-Benz DB 605D inverted V rated at 1,850 hp for take-off MAXIMUM SPEED: 426mph at . 24,280ft (686km/h at 7,401m) **RANGE:** 373 miles (600km) CEILING: 41,400ft (12,618m) RATE OF CLIMB: 19,700ft (6,004m) in 5.8 mins **SPAN:** 32ft 0in (9.75m) LENGTH: 29ft 5in (8.84m) HEIGHT: 8ft 2.5in (2.44m) **EMPTY WEIGHT:** 5,180lb (2,350kg) **LOADED WEIGHT:** 7,496lb (3,400kg)

war international air meetings. In 1936 the 109 won a competitive evaluation against the Heinkel He 112 and was ordered into production for the Luftwaffe.

Early models saw combat with Germany's Condor Legion in the Spanish Civil War, proving superior to the

JG 77 were brought back to defend Germany against attack.



Russian aircraft flown by the Republican forces. The Bf 109E with a Daimler-Benz DB 601 engine entered service at the end of the conflict and served during the Battle of Britain, proving an equal match to the Spitfire Mk I. The fuel-injected engine allowed it to perform negative-G manoeuvres that the Spitfire and Hurricane with their float carburetors could not follow without their engines cutting out. Machine-guns were fitted in the wings as well as the engine cowl and propeller hub in order to give a similar punch to the eight-gun British fighters. The Bf 109F appeared in service from

early 1941, with a more streamlined nose and armament moved out of the wings. It had two 7.92 mm machine guns mounted on top of the engine and a 20mm cannon firing through the propeller hub. The wings were given rounded tips. It was similar in performance to the Spitfire Mk V.

Fighter ace

The Bf 109G introduced the Daimler-Benz DB 605A engine and a stronger structure. Armament was increased with the machine-guns increasing to 13mm caliber and the cannon to 30mm. Introduced in 1942, the Bf 109G was faster but less maneuverable than previous versions and became heavier as it developed, becoming less of a match for Allied fighters like the Spitfire Mk IX and P-51D Mustang.

Erich Hartmann, the greatest fighter ace of all time, scored all of his 352 confirmed victories in the Bf 109. The

6

MESSERSCHMITT BF 109

vast majority were over the Eastern Front against, but in June 1944 he claimed a P-51 over Romania and in 1945 was credited with another over Prague. Most of the Luftwaffe's other top aces flew Bf 109s for most or all of their careers. The Bf 109 was hard to handle on the ground, particularly on the takeoff run, because of its narrow track undercarriage. The increased power of the DB 605 engine made this worse, leading to the introduction of a taller fin and rudder during G production, which gave the pilot more control authority. The final German model was the Bf



109K, which had design modifications to ease production. Many Gs and Ks were equipped with underwing 20mm cannon tubs, which boosted firepower but further adversely affected handling

Czechoslovakia continued production after the war using Junkers Jumo 211 engines and Bf 109G-6 airframes left behind by the Germans. The resulting Avia S-99 had terrible flight characteristics, but Israel used them in the 1948 War of Independence. Spain also found itself with airframes and first tried Hispano-Suiza engines but settled on the Rolls-Royce Merlin. The resulting Hispano Ha-112 Buchóns flew ground attack missions against rebels in Spain's African colonies and remained in service until the late 1960s.

Left: A Bf 109 goes down to the guns of a USAAF fighter in February 1944.

Below: Later models of the Messerschmitt Bf 109s concentrated their firepower in the nose, with guns firing above and through the centre of the engine



P51 TECHNOLOGY

P51-D MUSTANG: CUTAWAY

The Mustang single-seat, single-engine fighter aircraft is regarded as the most potent fighter of World War II. Impressive range and maneuverability made it both a excellent long-range escort and a formidable ground attack fighter-bomber. The cutaway shown here is the P-51D variant with its 'bubble' canopy, redesigned wing and increased armament.

1 Hamilton Standard constant speed 42 Fuselage H-section lower main propeller with 11ft 2in (3.40m) diameter 2 Spinner 3 Propeller hub pitch change mechanism 4 Armored ring behind spinner backplate 5 Propeller governor 6 Coolant header tank 7 Carburetor air intake 8 Starboard main wheel 9 Filtered air intake 10 Generator 11 Rolls-Royce/Packard V-1650-7 Merlin V-12 engine 12 Exhaust stubs 13 Engine bearer 14 Intake ducting 15 Fuel filter 16 Carburetor 17 Supercharger 18 Engine boost controller 19 Aftercooler 20 Engine oil tank, capacity 12.3 US gal (46.6 litres) 21 Oil filler cap 22 Detachable engline cowling panels 23 Starboard Browning MG 53-2 0.5in (12.7mm) machine-gun installation 24 5in (12.7cm) HVAR rockets 26 Wing skin panelling 27 Downward identification lights, red, green and amber 28 Starboard navigation light 29 Starboard aileron 30 Aileron trim tab 31 Aileron hinge control 32 Ammunition magazine, 270 rounds for each outboard gun 33 Ammunition magazine, 400 rounds for inboard gun 34 Starboard plain flap 35 Starboard wing fuel tank 36 Engine bay armored rear bulkhead 37 Hydraulic reservoir 38 Instrument panel 39 Rudder pedals 40 Fuel selector panel

longeron 43 Wing front spar bolted attachment joint 44 Three-axis trim control wheels 45 Engine throttle and propeller control quadrant 46 Control column 47 Instrument panel shroud 48 K-14A gunsight 49 Armored glass windscreen panel 50 Aft sliding cockpit canopy cover **51 Cushioned headrest** 52 Pilot's seat 53 Canopy Latch 54 Flare launcher 55 Adjustable seat mounting 56 Oil and coolant radiator shutter controls 57 Wing rear spar bolted attachment joint 58 Fuselage self-sealing bag-type fuel cell, capacity 85 US gal (321 litres) 59 Fuel pipe 60 SCR-522 radio transmitter/ receiver 61 Pilot's head armour 62 Battery 63 Boarding handgrip 64 Fuselage fuel tank filler cap 65 Dust-proof bulkhead 66 Sliding canopy rail 67 Type F2 low-pressure oxygen cylinders (2) 68 SCR-522 antenna mast 69 Fin root fillet 70 Tailplane bolted attachment joints 71 Fin front spar joint 72 Elevator control links, cable actuated 73 Starboard tailplane 74 Fabric-covered elevator 75 Elevator trim tab 76 Detrolla radio antenna cable

77 Rudder trim tab actuator

78 Two-spar and rib fin structure 79 Rudder mass balance 80 Rudder trim tab 81 Fabric-covered rudder rib structure 82 Tail navigation light 83 Port elevator trim tab 84 Fabric-covered elevator rib structure 85 Elevator mass balance 86 Elevator tab actuator 87 Two-spar and rib tailplane structure,

continuous tip-to-tip 88 Rudder hinge control link 89 Tailplane spar mounting 90 Tail wheel retraction jack 91 Tail wheel doors 92 Steerable tail wheel 93 Tail wheel shock-absorber strut 94 Tail assembly attaching bulkhead 95 Fuselage lifting bar 96 Radiator shutter hydraulic actuator 97 Type D2 low-pressure oxygen cylinders 98 Oxygen filler point 99 Coolant radiator air shutter 100 Radiator exhaust duct 101 Coolant radiator 102 Wing root trailing edge fillet 103 Oil cooler shutter control jack 104 Position of flap hydraulic jack on starboard side 105 Flap actuating link and interconnecting torque shaft

106 Ventral oil cooler

112 Rear spar

120 Main gear

starboard side

rocket

41 Cockpit fuel panel

P51 MUSTANG: CUTAWAY

107 Wing self-sealing bag-type fuel cell, capacity 92 US gal (348.2 kitres) per side 108 Wing tank filler cap 109 Port machine-gun bay 110 Ammunition feed chutes 111 Ammunition bay

113 Flap rib structure 114 Port main flap 115 Elevator trim tab 116 Port elevator rib structure 117 Light alloy wing tip fairing 118 Port navigation light

119 Wing tip ribs

121 Position of ventral pitot head on

122 Wing rib structure 123 1,000lb HE bomb 124 5-in (12.7cm) HVAR

125 Bomb or drop tank pylon 126 Port wing rocket installation 127 75 US gal (284 litres) external fuel or napalm tank 128 Tank filler 129 Port main wheel 130 Main wheel leg door 131 Torque scissor links 132 Shock absorber leg strut 133 Machine-gun muzzles 134 Main wheel leg pivot mounting 135 Undercarriage mounting rib skin doubler

136 Hydraulic retraction jack 137 Ventral oil cooler and coolant

radiator ram air intake

138 Retractable landing light

139 Main wheel door hydraulic jack

140 Main wheel bay

141 Gun camera

142 Main wheel doors



Mustang at War

An overview of the P-51's illustrious history, from bomber escort in Europe to fighter bomber in the Pacific and beyond.

Mustang Technology

The Mustang NA-73X prototype impressed immediately, passing its British and US trials with flying colors.

model parts!

Allies and Adversaries

Two of World War II's iconic aircraft: the RAF's elliptical-winged Spitfire and the US Navv's fearsome F6F Hellcat.